

EXPLANATION

ISOPACH - Showing thickness of coal, in feet. Arrow points toward area where coal bed is 5 feet or more thick.

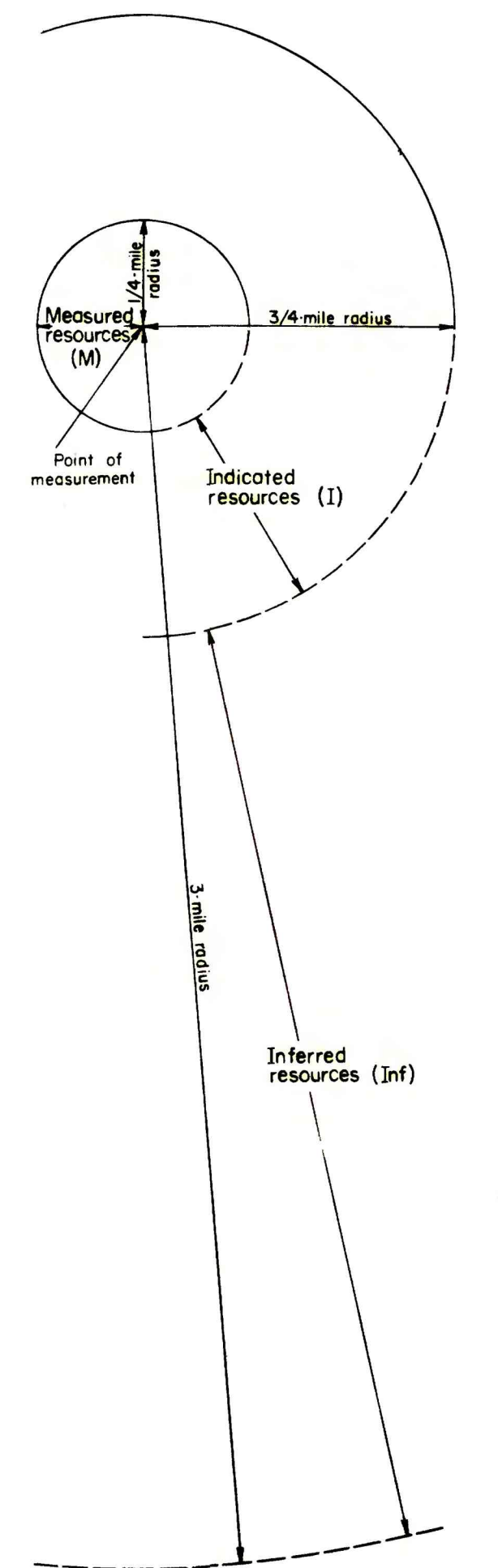
Y - Y bed of the Almond  
COAL BED SYMBOLS AND NAMES

TRACE OF COAL BED OUTCROP - Showing symbol of name of coal bed as listed above. Arrow points toward coal-bearing area. Short dashed where inferred by present authors.

STRIPPING-LIMIT LINE - Boundary for surface mining (in this quadrangle, the 200-foot-overburden isopach). Arrow points toward the area suitable for surface mining where the recovery factor is 85 percent, and away from the area suitable for subsurface mining (down dip to the 3,000-foot-overburden isopach) where the recovery factor is 50 percent.

RB	R(85%)	RB	R(50%)
0.45	0.23	0.22	0.19 (Measured)
1.29	0.65	2.16	1.84 (Indicated)
—	—	—	— (Inferred)

IDENTIFIED COAL RESOURCES - Showing totals for Reserve Base (RB) and Reserve (R), in millions of short tons, for each section or part of section of non-leased Federal coal land, both within and beyond the stripping-limit line. Reserve (R) tonnage is calculated by multiplying the Reserve Base (RB) tonnage by the appropriate recovery factor. Dash indicates no resource in that category.



BOUNDARY LINES - Enclosing areas of measured (M), indicated (I), and inferred (Inf) coal resources. Dashed where projected from adjacent quadrangles.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

To convert short tons to metric tons, multiply short tons by 0.9072.

To convert miles to kilometers, multiply miles by 1.609.

This report has not been edited for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards of stratigraphic nomenclature.

COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF THE BRIDGER  
PASS 15-MINUTE QUADRANGLE, CARBON COUNTY, WYOMING  
BY  
DAMES & MOORE  
1978